# TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL the global coalition against corruption

# **LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019**



## **ARGENTINA**

49%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

19%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| _                                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 16%  | 13%  |
| Public schools                    | 9%   | 5%   |
| Public clinics and health centers | 10%  | 7%   |
| IDs                               | 8%   | 5%   |
| Utilities                         | 7%   | 11%  |
| Police                            | 16%  | 14%  |
| Judges                            | 7%   | 10%  |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 41%  | 49%  |
| Decreased       | 14%  | 18%  |
| Stayed the same | 40%  | 32%  |
| Don't know      | 5%   | 2%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                |      |      |
| Yes                            | 65%  | 70%  |
| No                             | 16%  | 23%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 18%  | 6%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 2%   | 1%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt. |
|---|

| INSTITUTION                | <u> 2017</u> | 2019 |
|----------------------------|--------------|------|
|                            |              |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 40%          | 63%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 46%          | 55%  |
| Government officials       | 28%          | 56%  |
| Local government officials | 36%          | 45%  |
| Police                     | 46%          | 44%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 39%          | 54%  |
| Religious leaders          | 18%          | 34%  |
| NGOs                       | -            | 23%  |
| Business executives        | 38%          | 47%  |
| Bankers                    | -            | 38%  |
| Journalists                | -            | 26%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
| Good       | 48%  | 30%  |
| Bad        | 42%  | 67%  |
| Don't know | 11%  | 3%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>13%</sup> 

<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **BAHAMAS**

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\* 24%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

|                                   | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| Overall bribery rate              | 20%  |
| Public schools                    | 12%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 11%  |
| IDs                               | 19%  |
| Utilities                         | 14%  |
| Police                            | 13%  |
| Judges                            | 7%   |



#### HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|
|                 |      |
| Increased       | 45%  |
| Decreased       | 22%  |
| Stayed the same | 29%  |
| Don't know      | 4%   |



### **CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE** A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT **AGAINST CORRUPTION?**

|                                | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|
| Yes                            | 85%  |
| No No                          | 11%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 4%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 1%   |

|  | <br> |
|--|------|
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|  |      |
|  |      |

\* Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt.

| INSTITUTION                | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|
|                            |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 35%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 41%  |
| Government officials       | 37%  |
| Local government officials | 22%  |
| Police                     | 34%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 19%  |
| Religious leaders          | 22%  |
| NGOs                       | 22%  |
| Business executives        | 25%  |
| Bankers                    | 23%  |
| Journalists                | 14%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

| Good       | 44% |
|------------|-----|
| Bad        | 52% |
| Don't know | 4%  |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



2019

<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

# TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL the global coalition against corruption

# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **BARBADOS**

37%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

30%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes

9%

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

-----

|                                   | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|
|                                   |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 9%   |
| Public schools                    | 4%   |
| Public clinics and health centers | 5%   |
| IDs                               | 8%   |
| Utilities                         | 17%  |
| Police                            | 2%   |
| Judges                            | 2%   |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|
|                 |      |
| Increased       | 37%  |
| Decreased       | 22%  |
| Stayed the same | 27%  |
| Don't know      | 14%  |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|
| Yes                            | 70%  |
| No                             | 21%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 6%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 3%   |



| * Percentage who think that most or all p | people in these institutions are corrupt. |
|---|---|
|---|---|

| INSTITUTION                | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|
|                            |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 23%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 29%  |
| Government officials       | 25%  |
| Local government officials | 15%  |
| Police                     | 31%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 18%  |
| Religious leaders          | 16%  |
| NGOs                       | 14%  |
| Business executives        | 25%  |
| Bankers                    | 21%  |
| Journalists                | 10%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | _0.0 |
|------------|------|
|            |      |
| Good       | 55%  |
| Bad        | 29%  |
| Don't know | 16%  |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



2019

# TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL the global coalition against corruption

# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **BRAZIL**

54%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

20%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

|                                   | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 11%  | 11%  |
| Public schools                    | 9%   | 4%   |
| Public clinics and health centers | 7%   | 5%   |
| IDs                               | 7%   | 7%   |
| Utilities                         | 10%  | 8%   |
| Police                            | 6%   | 12%  |
| Judges                            | 3%   | 5%   |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 78%  | 54%  |
| Decreased       | 6%   | 15%  |
| Stayed the same | 14%  | 29%  |
| Don't know      | 2%   | 1%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 0047 | 0010 |  |
|--------------------------------|------|------|--|
|                                | 2017 | 2019 |  |
| Yes                            | 83%  | 82%  |  |
| No                             | 5%   | 11%  |  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 7%   | 6%   |  |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 5%   | 1%   |  |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrup | эt. |
|---|-----|
|---|-----|

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 52%  | 57%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 57%  | 63%  |
| Government officials       | 24%  | 54%  |
| Local government officials | 56%  | 62%  |
| Police                     | 31%  | 38%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 21%  | 34%  |
| Religious leaders          | 21%  | 31%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 36%  |
| Business executives        | 35%  | 50%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 53%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 23%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
|            |      |      |
| Good       | 35%  | 48%  |
| Bad        | 56%  | 46%  |
| Don't know | 9%   | 6%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

## TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL the slobal coalition against corruption

# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **CHILE**

54%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

14%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

|                                   | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 22%  | 13%  |
| Public schools                    | 13%  | 7%   |
| Public clinics and health centers | 15%  | 8%   |
| IDs                               | 10%  | 5%   |
| Utilities                         | 6%   | 17%  |
| Police                            | 6%   | 8%   |
| Judges                            | 6%   | 4%   |
|                                   |      |      |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 80%  | 54%  |
| Decreased       | 1%   | 9%   |
| Stayed the same | 18%  | 35%  |
| Don't know      | 1%   | 2%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

| _                              | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                |      |      |
| Yes                            | 41%  | 68%  |
| No                             | 32%  | 26%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 19%  | 5%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 9%   | 1%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt. |
|---|
|---|

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 46%  | 55%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 62%  | 65%  |
| Government officials       | 40%  | 44%  |
| Local government officials | 54%  | 49%  |
| Police                     | 31%  | 38%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 47%  | 44%  |
| Religious leaders          | 36%  | 49%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 24%  |
| Business executives        | 56%  | 48%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 38%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 21%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
| Good       | 19%  | 30%  |
| Bad        | 68%  | 67%  |
| Don't know | 13%  | 4%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

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# **LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019**



## **COLOMBIA**

**52%** 

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

0

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\* 16%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

|                                   | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 30%  | 20%  |
| Public schools                    | 20%  | 12%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 22%  | 10%  |
| IDs                               | 19%  | 15%  |
| Utilities                         | 14%  | 15%  |
| Police                            | 20%  | 26%  |
| Judges                            | 11%  | 12%  |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 61%  | 52%  |
| Decreased       | 11%  | 11%  |
| Stayed the same | 27%  | 36%  |
| Don't know      | 2%   | 1%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
| •                              |      |      |
| Yes                            | 74%  | 78%  |
| No                             | 16%  | 16%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 8%   | 4%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 2%   | 1%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt. |
|---|
|---|

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 48%  | 55%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 54%  | 64%  |
| Government officials       | 37%  | 48%  |
| Local government officials | 46%  | 45%  |
| Police                     | 41%  | 42%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 37%  | 47%  |
| Religious leaders          | 23%  | 29%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 26%  |
| Business executives        | 25%  | 36%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 33%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 19%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
| Good       | 31%  | 40%  |
| Bad        | 59%  | 57%  |
| Don't know | 10%  | 3%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

# TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL

# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **COSTA RICA**

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for

18%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes

public services in the previous 12 months\*

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| _                                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 24%  | 7%   |
| Public schools                    | 16%  | 4%   |
| Public clinics and health centers | 19%  | 4%   |
| IDs                               | 16%  | 4%   |
| Utilities                         | 12%  | 4%   |
| Police                            | 13%  | 5%   |
| Judges                            | 10%  | 3%   |



#### HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 65%  | 49%  |
| Decreased       | 7%   | 14%  |
| Stayed the same | 26%  | 36%  |
| Don't know      | 2%   | 0%   |



### **CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE** A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT **AGAINST CORRUPTION?**

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                |      |      |
| Yes                            | 82%  | 84%  |
| No                             | 12%  | 14%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 4%   | 2%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 2%   | 0%   |



| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt. |
|---|
|---|

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 42%  | 37%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 38%  | 40%  |
| Government officials       | 29%  | 42%  |
| Local government officials | 42%  | 38%  |
| Police                     | 36%  | 31%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 26%  | 32%  |
| Religious leaders          | 24%  | 30%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 20%  |
| Business executives        | 27%  | 31%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 26%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 18%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
| Good       | 28%  | 40%  |
| Bad        | 59%  | 59%  |
| Don't know | 13%  | 1%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



## TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL the global coalition against corruption

# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **DOMINICAN REPUBLIC**

66%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

16%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

46% Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



INCTITIITION

#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

2017

2010

25%

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| _                                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 50%  | 23%  |
| Public schools                    | 28%  | 10%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 34%  | 12%  |
| IDs                               | 27%  | 9%   |
| Utilities                         | 29%  | 16%  |
| Police                            | 21%  | 47%  |
| Judges                            | 17%  | 13%  |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 71%  | 66%  |
| Decreased       | 9%   | 10%  |
| Stayed the same | 19%  | 23%  |
| Don't know      | 1%   | 1%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                |      |      |
| Yes                            | 72%  | 79%  |
| No                             | 16%  | 18%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 8%   | 2%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 3%   | 1%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt. |
|---|

| IN21110110N                | <u> </u> | 2019 |
|----------------------------|----------|------|
|                            |          |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 39%      | 58%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 34%      | 48%  |
| Government officials       | 28%      | 50%  |
| Local government officials | 37%      | 46%  |
| Police                     | 57%      | 55%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 47%      | 45%  |
| Religious leaders          | 22%      | 23%  |
| NGOs                       | -        | 28%  |
| Business executives        | 30%      | 34%  |
| Bankers                    | -        | 35%  |



Journalists

### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
|            |      |      |
| Good       | 34%  | 25%  |
| Bad        | 59%  | 72%  |
| Don't know | 7%   | 2%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

## TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL the slobal coalition against corruption

# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **EL SALVADOR**

45%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

15%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| _                                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 31%  | 14%  |
| Public schools                    | 23%  | 13%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 24%  | 6%   |
| IDs                               | 21%  | 5%   |
| Utilities                         | 17%  | 9%   |
| Police                            | 18%  | 24%  |
| ludges                            | 4%   | _    |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 53%  | 45%  |
| Decreased       | 17%  | 15%  |
| Stayed the same | 26%  | 38%  |
| Don't know      | 3%   | 1%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                |      | 2013 |
| Yes                            | 67%  | 73%  |
| No                             | 21%  | 22%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 4%   | 4%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 7%   | 1%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt. |
|---|

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 43%  | 57%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 42%  | 41%  |
| Government officials       | 32%  | 47%  |
| Local government officials | 37%  | 43%  |
| Police                     | 34%  | 31%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 34%  | 43%  |
| Religious leaders          | 17%  | 15%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 19%  |
| Business executives        | 29%  | 29%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 29%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 19%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
| Good       | 44%  | 34%  |
| Bad        | 38%  | 64%  |
| Don't know | 18%  | 2%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>1470</sup> 

<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.



# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **GUATEMALA**

46%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

23%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| _                                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 28%  | 25%  |
| Public schools                    | 16%  | 21%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 18%  | 14%  |
| IDs                               | 18%  | 14%  |
| Utilities                         | 20%  | 17%  |
| Police                            | 23%  | 37%  |
| Judges                            | 13%  | -    |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 42%  | 46%  |
| Decreased       | 20%  | 14%  |
| Stayed the same | 33%  | 40%  |
| Don't know      | 6%   | 0%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                |      | 2010 |
| Yes                            | 70%  | 76%  |
| No                             | 18%  | 17%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 3%   | 6%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 9%   | 1%   |

|             |      | ,   |
|-------------|------|-----|
| INCTITUTION | 2017 | 201 |

| INSTITUTION                | 201/ | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 38%  | 71%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 37%  | 59%  |
| Government officials       | 32%  | 56%  |
| Local government officials | 42%  | 54%  |
| Police                     | 52%  | 51%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 31%  | 44%  |
| Religious leaders          | 16%  | 27%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 34%  |
| Business executives        | 30%  | 42%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 35%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 28%  |
|                            |      |      |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
| Good       | 54%  | 33%  |
| Bad        | 28%  | 66%  |
| Don't know | 18%  | 1%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>25%</sup> 

<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

# RANSPARENC

# **LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019**



## **GUYANA**

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\* **22%** 

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes

<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

|                                   | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| Overall bribery rate              | 27%  |
| Public schools                    | 16%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 8%   |
| IDs                               | 20%  |
| Utilities                         | 24%  |
| Police                            | 40%  |
| Judges                            | 11%  |



Ir

S

#### HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|
|                 |      |
| ncreased        | 40%  |
| Decreased       | 40%  |
| Stayed the same | 17%  |
| Don't know      | 3%   |
|                 |      |



### **CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE** A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT **AGAINST CORRUPTION?**

|                                | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|
| Yes                            | 82%  |
| No                             | 12%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 3%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 3%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt. |
|---|

| INSTITUTION                | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|
|                            |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 29%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 36%  |
| Government officials       | 27%  |
| Local government officials | 24%  |
| Police                     | 42%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 20%  |
| Religious leaders          | 16%  |
| NGOs                       | 21%  |
| Business executives        | 24%  |
| Bankers                    | 14%  |
| Journalists                | 15%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

| Good       | 67% |
|------------|-----|
| Bad        | 29% |
| Don't know | 4%  |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



2019

## TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL the slobal coalint against corruction

# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **HONDURAS**

54%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

17%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

**36%** Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| _                                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 33%  | 28%  |
| Public schools                    | 23%  | 21%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 21%  | 15%  |
| IDs                               | 25%  | 20%  |
| Utilities                         | 18%  | 16%  |
| Police                            | 18%  | 37%  |
| Judges                            | 56%  | -    |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 53%  | 54%  |
| Decreased       | 19%  | 17%  |
| Stayed the same | 26%  | 29%  |
| Don't know      | 2%   | 1%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 0047 | 2042 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
| Yes                            | 76%  | 78%  |
| No                             | 16%  | 18%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 5%   | 3%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 4%   | 1%   |

|                |                 | . , , .          |                      |              |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Percentage who | think that most | or all people ir | า these institutions | are corrupt. |

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 50%  | 65%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 43%  | 56%  |
| Government officials       | 38%  | 51%  |
| Local government officials | 44%  | 41%  |
| Police                     | 54%  | 50%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 42%  | 45%  |
| Religious leaders          | 25%  | 21%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 31%  |
| Business executives        | 39%  | 33%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 27%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 25%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
|            |      |      |
| Good       | 55%  | 36%  |
| Bad        | 37%  | 62%  |
| Don't know | 8%   | 1%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

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# **LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019**



## **JAMAICA**

49%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

18%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes

1/%

previous 12 months\*

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| <u> </u>                          | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 21%  | 17%  |
| Public schools                    | 13%  | 6%   |
| Public clinics and health centers | 14%  | 8%   |
| IDs                               | 15%  | 12%  |
| Utilities                         | 9%   | 16%  |
| Police                            | 20%  | 18%  |



Judges

# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

10%

0%

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 68%  | 49%  |
| Decreased       | 10%  | 19%  |
| Stayed the same | 18%  | 29%  |
| Don't know      | 3%   | 4%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                |      |      |
| Yes                            | 73%  | 73%  |
| No                             | 22%  | 14%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 3%   | 9%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 2%   | 4%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or al | ii peopie in these institutions are corrupt. |
|--|--|
|  |  |

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 30%  | 34%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 37%  | 44%  |
| Government officials       | 33%  | 39%  |
| Local government officials | 34%  | 37%  |
| Police                     | 50%  | 49%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 18%  | 23%  |
| Religious leaders          | 16%  | 19%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 22%  |
| Business executives        | 23%  | 25%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 21%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 14%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
| Good       | 42%  | 47%  |
| Bad        | 43%  | 48%  |
| Don't know | 15%  | 5%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



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# **LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019**



## **MEXICO**

**44%** 

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Pa pi pi

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

20%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| _                                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 51%  | 34%  |
| Public schools                    | 33%  | 19%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 39%  | 16%  |
| IDs                               | 37%  | 25%  |
| Utilities                         | 32%  | 30%  |
| Police                            | 30%  | 52%  |
| Judges                            | 7%   | 35%  |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 61%  | 44%  |
| Decreased       | 6%   | 21%  |
| Stayed the same | 27%  | 34%  |
| Don't know      | 7%   | 1%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |  |
|--------------------------------|------|------|--|
|                                |      |      |  |
| Yes                            | 74%  | 79%  |  |
| No                             | 13%  | 14%  |  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 9%   | 6%   |  |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 5%   | 0%   |  |

| INSTITUTION | 2017 | 2019 |
|-------------|------|------|
|             |      |      |

\* Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt.

| IN21110110N                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 51%  | 63%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 56%  | 65%  |
| Government officials       | 57%  | 58%  |
| Local government officials | 64%  | 63%  |
| Police                     | 63%  | 69%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 50%  | 58%  |
| Religious leaders          | 41%  | 44%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 44%  |
| Business executives        | 48%  | 47%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 45%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 36%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
|            |      |      |
| Good       | 24%  | 61%  |
| Bad        | 61%  | 36%  |
| Don't know | 15%  | 3%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

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# **LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019**



## **PANAMA**

56%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

14%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| _                                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 38%  | 18%  |
| Public schools                    | 26%  | 9%   |
| Public clinics and health centers | 29%  | 8%   |
| IDs                               | 18%  | 10%  |
| Utilities                         | 16%  | 14%  |
| Police                            | 20%  | 29%  |
| Judges                            | 11%  | -    |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 52%  | 56%  |
| Decreased       | 14%  | 10%  |
| Stayed the same | 32%  | 34%  |
| Don't know      | 2%   | 1%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |  |
|--------------------------------|------|------|--|
|                                |      |      |  |
| Yes                            | 68%  | 80%  |  |
| No                             | 17%  | 15%  |  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 11%  | 4%   |  |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 3%   | 1%   |  |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt. |  |
|---|--|

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 39%  | 63%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 43%  | 69%  |
| Government officials       | 29%  | 51%  |
| Local government officials | 32%  | 48%  |
| Police                     | 35%  | 39%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 35%  | 49%  |
| Religious leaders          | 18%  | 20%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 28%  |
| Business executives        | 30%  | 32%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 28%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 17%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
|            |      |      |
| Good       | 31%  | 19%  |
| Bad        | 57%  | 79%  |
| Don't know | 13%  | 2%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



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<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

# RANSPARENC

# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **PERU**

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

previous 12 months\*

Paid a bribe for public services in the

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

20%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

|                                   | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 39%  | 30%  |
| Public schools                    | 23%  | 21%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 29%  | 19%  |
| IDs                               | 20%  | 20%  |
| Utilities                         | 16%  | 25%  |
| Police                            | 20%  | 35%  |
| Judges                            | 6%   | 19%  |



#### HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 79%  | 65%  |
| Decreased       | 3%   | 11%  |
| Stayed the same | 16%  | 23%  |
| Don't know      | 2%   | 1%   |



### **CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE** A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT **AGAINST CORRUPTION?**

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                |      | 2013 |
| Yes                            | 62%  | 79%  |
| No                             | 19%  | 16%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 12%  | 3%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 8%   | 2%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in th | hese institutions are corrupt. |
|--|--------------------------------|
|--|--------------------------------|

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 65%  | 59%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 64%  | 80%  |
| Government officials       | 53%  | 57%  |
| Local government officials | 59%  | 60%  |
| Police                     | 60%  | 41%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 63%  | 68%  |
| Religious leaders          | 35%  | 31%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 32%  |
| Business executives        | 48%  | 44%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 36%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 29%  |



### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
| Good       | 16%  | 52%  |
| Bad        | 73%  | 41%  |
| Don't know | 11%  | 7%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



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# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



# **TRINIDAD & TOBAGO**

62%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

19%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

**17%** 

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

6%

Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



INCTITUTION

#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

0017

0010

18%

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

|  | • | ,    |  |
|--|---|------|--|
|  |   |      |  |
|  |   |      |  |
|  |   |      |  |
|  |   | 2017 |  |

|                                   | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 6%   | 17%  |
| Public schools                    | 2%   | 11%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 2%   | 7%   |
| IDs                               | 5%   | 17%  |
| Utilities                         | 5%   | 22%  |
| Police                            | 3%   | 9%   |
| Judges                            | 2%   | 8%   |
|                                   |      |      |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 59%  | 62%  |
| Decreased       | 15%  | 11%  |
| Stayed the same | 23%  | 23%  |
| Don't know      | 3%   | 4%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
|                                |      |      |
| Yes                            | 58%  | 70%  |
| No                             | 38%  | 20%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 4%   | 8%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 1%   | 3%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or all people in these institutions are corrupt. |
|---|

| INZIIIUIIUN                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 41%  | 47%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 40%  | 51%  |
| Government officials       | 41%  | 46%  |
| Local government officials | 39%  | 39%  |
| Police                     | 61%  | 51%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 35%  | 30%  |
| Religious leaders          | 19%  | 24%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 24%  |
| Business executives        | 30%  | 38%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 26%  |



Journalists

### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
|            |      |      |
| Good       | 25%  | 30%  |
| Bad        | 60%  | 65%  |
| Don't know | 15%  | 5%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



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# LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN 2019



## **VENEZUELA**

87%

Think corruption increased in the previous 12 months

Paid a bribe for public services in the previous 12 months\*

19%

Experience sextortion or know someone who has

**26%** Were offered bribes in exchange for votes



#### **BRIBERY RATES\***



#### **CORRUPTION BY INSTITUTION\***

\* Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.

| _                                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                   |      |      |
| Overall bribery rate              | 38%  | 50%  |
| Public schools                    | 18%  | 20%  |
| Public clinics and health centers | 32%  | 34%  |
| IDs                               | 34%  | 51%  |
| Utilities                         | 42%  | 46%  |
| Police                            | 41%  | 62%  |
| Judges                            | 36%  | -    |



# HAVE CORRUPTION LEVELS CHANGED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS?

|                 | 2017 | 2019 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Increased       | 87%  | 87%  |
| Decreased       | 5%   | 3%   |
| Stayed the same | 8%   | 9%   |
| Don't know      | 1%   | 1%   |



### CAN ORDINARY PEOPLE MAKE A DIFFERENCE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION?

|                                | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|
| Yes                            | 74%  | 78%  |
| No                             | 12%  | 12%  |
| Neither yes nor no             | 11%  | 9%   |
| Don't know / refused to answer | 3%   | 1%   |

| * Percentage who think that most or al | I people in these | institutions are corrupt |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------|

| INSTITUTION                | 2017 | 2019 |
|----------------------------|------|------|
|                            |      |      |
| President / Prime Minister | 63%  | 87%  |
| Members of Parliament      | 56%  | 38%  |
| Government officials       | 58%  | 84%  |
| Constituent Assembly       | -    | 82%  |
| Local government officials | 65%  | 82%  |
| Police                     | 73%  | 80%  |
| Judges and magistrates     | 66%  | 79%  |
| Religious leaders          | 35%  | 27%  |
| NGOs                       | -    | 35%  |
| Business executives        | 54%  | 58%  |
| Bankers                    | -    | 58%  |
| Journalists                | -    | 27%  |



#### IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING A GOOD OR BAD JOB OF FIGHTING CORRUPTION?

|            | 2017 | 2019 |
|------------|------|------|
| Good       | 21%  | 8%   |
| Bad        | 76%  | 91%  |
| Don't know | 4%   | 1%   |

With more than 17,000 citizens surveyed in 18 countries, the Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) is the largest, most detailed public opinion survey of citizen views on corruption and bribery in Latin America and the Caribbean.



<sup>\*</sup> Based on people who used these public services in the previous 12 months.